

PRUEBA DE ACCESO AL PROGRAMA DE FORMACIÓN GENERAL ELEMENTAL**ACCESO A 2º CURSO****MÓDULO 1****Estructura de la prueba:**

A) Ejercicio de lenguaje musical: el contenido de estos ejercicios estará desarrollado en la programación didáctica de la asignatura Lenguaje Musical.

B) Prueba de instrumento: los aspirantes interpretarán al menos 2 estudios y 2 obras de distintos estilos, un estudio y una obra impuesta (**Applebaum S. - Estudios en Primera Posición N°11 /S. Suzuki Vol 1 – N°14 Etude**) y otro estudio y obra a elección incluidas en el curso 1º del Programa de Formación General Elemental. Las obras se exigirán completas, pero podrán ser escuchadas en forma parcial. Dentro de la selección del estudiante, podrán incluirse obras para el instrumento solo o acompañado. Se valorará la ejecución de memoria de las obras presentadas. En ningún caso se facilitará pianista acompañante.

Las obras, piezas o ejercicios que seleccione el estudiante para la prueba estarán incluidas en el siguiente listado:

Estudios a elección:

- *Applebaum S- Estudios en Primera Posición (#13,14,16)*

Obras a elección:

- *S. Suzuki- Vol 1- (#11,12)*

We Combine the Détaché Above and Below the Middle

W.B. means whole bow. This is only approximate. You need not go all the way to the tip.

A.M. means above the middle of the bow.

B.M. means below the middle of the bow.

Above the notes you will be told exactly in what part of the bow you are to play. Remain in that part of the bow until the next indication. *Similé* means to continue in the same manner as in the first four measures.

The two slanted lines you see in the last measure mean that you are to lift the bow from the string after the note has been played.

11. Firmly Spoken

R. HOFMANN

Moderato (Key of C)

W.B. A.M. W.B. B.M. W.B. A.M. W.B. B.M. ⑤ *similé*

⑨ ⑬ ⑰ ⑲ ⑳ ㉓ ㉗ ㉙ ㉛ ㉝ ㉟ ㊱ ㊳ ㊵ ㊷ ㊹ ㊻ ㊽ ㊿

f 2 4 0 3 1 0 4

0 1 0 2 4 1 0 3 1 4 3

0 1 1 2 4 1 0 3 1 4 3

0 1 2 4 1

14

Etude

Practice with the same short strokes as Perpetual Motion.
Listen for perfect intonation in high
and low positions of the 2nd finger.

Shinichi Suzuki

A

mf

1. 4

2. 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Variation

B

etc.

Etude

Shinichi Suzuki

* *mf* *sempre staccato*

mf *sempre staccato*

4

7

11

* *Repeat for variation*

* Viola part includes a repeat which is written out in the accompaniment

We Continue to Combine the Détaché Above and Below the Middle-The Key of D

In this etude, use the full width of the hair throughout the length of the bow. Use a little less bow and apply less pressure for the measures to be played "piano" (*p*). Here we have the key of D major which has two sharps. The names of the sharps are F and C. Each F and C is to be raised. The C sharps are played with the third on the G and the second finger on the A string.

⌒ This is called a fermata or a hold. It means that you are to hold the note a little longer than its value.

13. Ecossaise

Allegretto (Key of D)

L. VAN BEETHOVEN

The musical score for 'Ecossaise' is written on five staves. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The time signature is 3/4. The tempo is marked 'Allegretto'. The score includes various performance instructions: 'B.M.' (Basso Medio), 'W.B.' (Whole Bow), 'A.M.' (Above Middle), 'V' (Vibrato), 'p' (piano), 'f' (forte), 'rit.' (ritardando), and 'similé'. Measure numbers 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25, 29, 33, and 37 are circled. The piece ends with a fermata on the final note.

14. Running Along

D. KABALEVSKY

Moderato (Key of D)

W.B. A.M. V. B.M. W.B. A.M. V. B.M. 5 *simile* 4 + 0

9 13 4 + 0

17 21 2 4 2 4

p 2 1 3 2 1 2 1 2 2 4 2 4

E.L. 2025

16. Arpeggio Waltz

F. WOHLFAHRT

Moderato (Key of G)

Moderato (Key of G)

W.B. A.M. W.B. W.B. A.M. W.B. W.B. A.M. W.B. W.B. A.M. W.B. 5

f 1 3 0 3 1 3 0 3 1 0 3 1 0 4 2 1

W.B. A.M. W.B. *simile* 9

3 1 0 1 0 1 0 3 0 4 0 3 3 0

13

4 0 3 0 0 3 1 2 4 0 2 0 0 2

17

A.M. W.B. 21

1 0 3 1 0 1 0 1 2 3 4

The Merry Widow

F. WOHLFAHRT

11

Allegretto

Allegretto

Shinichi Suzuki

The musical score is written for a violin in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. It is titled 'Allegretto' and is by Shinichi Suzuki. The piece is marked 'mf' (mezzo-forte) at the beginning. The notation includes various fingering numbers (1, 4, 0) and bowing marks (V-shaped marks). The third staff includes a 'rit.' (ritardando) section followed by a 'mf a tempo' section. The piece ends with a final measure and a repeat sign.

Allegretto

Shinichi Suzuki

Allegretto

mf

Allegretto

mf

5

9

rit. *a tempo* *mf*

rit. *a tempo*

13

mf

Intro.

12

Andantino

Andantino

Shinichi Suzuki

The musical score for 'Andantino' by Shinichi Suzuki is written for a single melodic line on a four-staff system. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The tempo is marked 'Andantino'. The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, quarter notes, and half notes, along with fingerings (4, 0) and dynamic markings (*mf*, *f*, *p*). The piece concludes with a double bar line.

mf

f

rit.

mf
a tempo

p
rit.

Andantino

23

Andantino

Shinichi Suzuki

The musical score is written for violin and piano. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is common time (C). The tempo is marked 'Andantino'. The score is divided into measures, with measure numbers 4, 5, 9, and 13 indicated. The violin part (top staff) includes fingerings (4, 0) and dynamics (*mf*, *f*, *mf*). The piano part (bottom staff) includes dynamics (*mf*, *f*) and articulation marks. The score concludes with an 'Intro.' section for the piano, marked *mf*.

Violin part (top staff):

- Measure 4: *mf*, fingerings 4 and 0.
- Measure 5: *mf*, fingerings 4 and 0.
- Measure 9: *f*, fingerings 0 and 4.
- Measure 13: *mf*, fingerings 4 and 0.

Piano part (bottom staff):

- Measure 4: *mf*.
- Measure 5: *mf*.
- Measure 9: *f*.
- Measure 13: *mf*.

Intro. (bottom staff): *mf*.