

Prueba de acceso al 1º curso del Programa de FORMACIÓN ESPECÍFICA

IMPORTANTE:

I. COMUNICACIÓN

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En caso de que sea necesario convocar personalmente a los postulantes, la EMVA podrá utilizar la comunicación telefónica a los números de teléfono fijo y/o celular proporcionados por el interesado/a. Sin embargo, la Institución no se hace responsable si el mensaje no llega al destinatario/a.

Es absoluta responsabilidad de los postulantes comunicar cualquier cambio en sus datos personales (teléfono fijo y/o celular, domicilio y correo electrónico) a escuelademusica@imm.gub.uy, en el caso de una posible convocatoria.

II. PRUEBAS

Este documento detalla la lista de ejercicios, estudios u obras impuestas o de elección. Dentro de esta selección, se pueden incluir partituras para el instrumento solo o acompañado. **Será obligatorio para los aspirantes presentarse con un pianista acompañante en caso de que las obras requeridas o seleccionadas lo soliciten.**

Las partituras incluidas en el PDF son solo ejemplos ilustrativos. Es responsabilidad de los postulantes obtener los materiales y/o acompañamientos de piano necesarios en caso de que no se encuentren en este documento.

PRUEBA DE ACCESO AL PROGRAMA DE FORMACIÓN ESPECÍFICA**ACCESO A 1° CURSO****MÓDULO 1****Estructura de la prueba:**

A) Ejercicio de solfeo: El contenido de estos ejercicios será el establecido en la Programación Didáctica de la asignatura de Solfeo.

B) Prueba de instrumento.

Constará de dos partes:

- Lectura a primera vista de un fragmento con una extensión aproximada de 8 a 12 compases con dificultad correspondiente al curso 4º del Programa de Formación General Elemental.
- Interpretación como mínimo de 3 obras o estudios de distintos estilos, una de ellas impuesta (**H. Klose: *Estudio cantante N° 7***), incluidas en el curso 4º del Programa de Formación General Elemental. Las tres obras se exigirán completas o de forma parcial, siempre y cuando el o los movimientos seleccionados tengan por sí solos una envergadura relevante. Se valorará la ejecución de memoria de las obras presentadas. El aspirante tocará como mínimo un lapso de 20 minutos pudiendo el tribunal finalizar la prueba a partir de ese momento. Dentro de la selección de obras podrán incluirse obras para el instrumento solo o acompañado. En ningún caso se facilitará pianista acompañante.

Las obras y piezas que seleccione el estudiante para la prueba estarán incluidas en el siguiente listado:

Estudios a elección:

- H. Klose: *15 Etudes chantantes. 8 al 15.*
- G. Lacour. *50 Estudios fáciles y progresivos. 45 al 50.*

Obras a elección:

- G. Beytelman: *8 Petit Etudes de Tango.*
- E. Bozza: *Aria (Ed. Leduc).*



Intendencia
Montevideo



Escuela de Música
Vicente Ascone

MATERIAL IMPUESTO

H. KLOSE: ESTUDIO CHANTANTE N° 7

7

Allegretto. (138 = ♩)

N° 7.

p

cresc.

f

p

cresc.

f



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MATERIAL A ELECCIÓN

H. KLOSE: ESTUDIO CHANTANTE N°8

Allegro (112 = ♩)

N° 8. 

H. KLOSE: ESTUDIO CHANTANTE N° 9

ε

Allegro. (96 = ♩)

N° 9.

ff *mf* *f* *dim.* *mf*

H. KLOSE: ESTUDIO CHANTANTE N° 10

Presto. (120 = ♩.)

N° 10.

The musical score for H. Klose's Estudio Chantante N° 10 is presented in a single system with ten staves. The first staff is in treble clef, and the subsequent staves are in bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 6/8. The tempo is marked Presto. (120 = ♩.). The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and dynamic markings (p, f). The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a time signature of 6/8. The first measure is marked with a piano (p) dynamic. The score continues with various musical notations, including slurs, ties, and dynamic markings (p, f). The final staff ends with a double bar line.

H. KLOSE: ESTUDIO CHANTANTE N° 11

11

Allegro vivo. (132 = ♩)

N° 11.

mf

H. KLOSE: ESTUDIO CHANTANTE N° 12

2

N° 12. *Allegro vivo* (88 = ♩.)

p *cresc.* *mf* *cresc.* *mf*

H. KLOSE: ESTUDIO CHANTANTE N° 13

15

Allegro moderato. (96 = ♩)

N° 13. f $(116 = \text{♩})$ *tr*

mf *Piu mosso.*

H. KLOSE: ESTUDIO CHANTANTE N° 14

Scherzo (76 = ♩)

N° 14.

mf

f

mf

f

mf

f

mf

f

mf

cresc.

mf

mf D.C.

FIN

H. KLOSE: ESTUDIO CHANTANTE N° 15

15

Allegro. (116 = ♩)

N° 15.

Andantino $\text{♩} = 63$

mp

mf

p *mf*

p *f* *f* *p*

f *mf*

f *mp*

f *mp*

f *mp* *cédez* *a T°*

f *mf* *rit.* *a T°*

f *p*

mf *pp*

Moderato $\text{♩} = 88$

p

mf

p

mf

cédez... a T°

p

mf

pp

G. LACOUR: ESTUDIOS FÁCILES Y PROGRESIVOS
47 ESTUDIO N° 47²¹

Andantino ♩ = 96

The musical score consists of nine staves of music in G major (one sharp) and 6/8 time. The tempo is marked 'Andantino' with a quarter note equal to 96 beats per minute. The piece begins with a mezzo-piano (*mp*) dynamic and a 'poco' (slightly) marking. The first staff includes a slur over the first four measures and a 'poco' marking. The second staff has a mezzo-piano (*mp*) dynamic followed by a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. The third staff starts with mezzo-piano (*mp*). The fourth staff features mezzo-forte (*mf*) and forte (*f*) dynamics. The fifth staff begins with mezzo-piano (*mp*). The sixth staff shows mezzo-forte (*mf*) and forte (*f*) dynamics. The seventh staff starts with mezzo-piano (*mp*) and includes a 'poco' marking. The eighth staff begins with mezzo-piano (*mp*) and mezzo-forte (*mf*). The ninth staff includes a 'rall.' (ritardando) marking and ends with mezzo-piano (*mp*), piano (*p*), and pianissimo (*pp*) dynamics. The score is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of 6/8. Various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and dynamic markings are used throughout the piece.

Allegretto $\text{♩} = 63$

p *poco* *p* *mf* *p* *mf* *p* *cresc.* *f* *p* *mp* *mp* *mf* *p*

G. LACOUR: ESTUDIOS FÁCILES Y PROGRESIVOS

Allegro vivace $\text{♩} = 132$

p *mf* *p* *mf* *p*

This page contains 12 staves of musical notation. The dynamics and markings are as follows:

- Staff 1: *cresc.*, *mf*, *p*
- Staff 2: *cresc.*, *mf*
- Staff 3: *p*, *cresc.*, *mf*
- Staff 4: *p*, *cresc.*
- Staff 5: *mf*, *p*
- Staff 6: *mf*, *p*
- Staff 7: *mf*, *p*
- Staff 8: *f*, *p*, *mf*
- Staff 9: *p*
- Staff 10: *mf*, *p*
- Staff 11: *mf*, *p*
- Staff 12: *f*, *dim.*, *p*

G. LACOUR: ESTUDIOS FÁCILES Y PROGRESIVOS

50

ESTUDIO N° 50

Allegro moderato ♩ = 116

p

f

p

f

p

cresc.

mf

p *mf* *p* *mf* *p* *mf* *p*

f

mp

mf

cresc.

f

mp

mf

cresc.

f

p

f *p*

f *p*

mf

mf

1. *2.* *DC.*

Fin

GUSTAVO

BEYTELMAN

8 PETITES ÉTUDES AUTOUR DU TANGO



COLLECTION ANIMÉE PAR
JEAN-PIERRE BARAGLIOLI

G. BEYTELMAN: 8 PETIT ETUDES DE TANGO

- 1 -

$\text{♩} = 108$

mf *cresc.* mf

decresc. mp

cresc.

mf *cresc.* mp

accell.

Tempo rit poco Tempo 1^{er}

mf mp

Handwritten musical notation for the first system of 'The Rose Tree'. The music is written on a single staff in treble clef, with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature (C). The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some notes beamed together. There are several slurs and accents (z) above the notes. The system ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign. The word 'cresc.' is written below the staff at the end of the system.

Handwritten musical notation for the first staff of 'The Rose Tree'. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 3/4. The melody begins with a quarter rest, followed by a quarter note B-flat, an eighth note A, and a quarter note G. This is followed by a quarter note F, an eighth note E, and a quarter note D. The next measure contains a quarter note C, an eighth note B, and a quarter note A. The melody continues with a quarter note G, an eighth note F, and a quarter note E. The final measure of the staff contains a quarter note D, an eighth note C, and a quarter note B. The notation is written in a cursive, handwritten style.

[illegible]

Handwritten musical score for "The Swan" by Camille Saint-Saëns. The score is written on a single treble clef staff. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The time signature is 3/4. The music features a single melodic line with various musical notations, including slurs, ties, and dynamic markings. The piece concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Key features of the score include:

- Staff:** A single treble clef staff.
- Key Signature:** One flat (B-flat).
- Time Signature:** 3/4.
- Dynamic Markings:** "decresc." (decrescendo) and "p" (piano).
- Notation:** Slurs, ties, and various note values (quarter, eighth, and sixteenth notes).

Handwritten musical score for 'The Rose Tree'. The score is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked 'Allegretto' and the time signature is '3/4'. The piece begins with a 'cresc.' (crescendo) marking and features a series of ascending eighth notes, some beamed together. A 'mf' (mezzo-forte) marking appears later in the piece. The melody is characterized by slurs and various ornaments, including grace notes and trills. The score concludes with a final cadence.

$\text{♩} = 98$

mp

p *cresc.*

mf *> mp*

cresc. *mf*

pp

cresc. *mf* *decresc.* *mp*

cresc. *mf* *> mp*

cresc. *mf*

cresc. *f*

Rit. --- *Tempo 1^{er}. meno mosso* *accl.*

mp *cresc.*

Tempo 1^{er} *mf*

agitato *cresc.*

Tempo 1^{er} *f*

ff

Detailed description: The musical score is written on seven staves in G major (one sharp). The first staff begins with a treble clef and a 2/4 time signature. It contains a melodic line with various dynamics including *cresc.* and *mf*. The second staff continues the melody with *cresc.* and *f*. The third staff features a *Rit.* (ritardando) section followed by a *Tempo 1^{er}. meno mosso* section, with dynamics *mp* and *cresc.*, and an *accl.* (accelerando) marking. The fourth staff is marked *Tempo 1^{er}* and *mf*. The fifth staff is marked *agitato* and *cresc.*. The sixth staff is marked *Tempo 1^{er}* and *f*. The seventh staff concludes with a *ff* (fortissimo) dynamic. The notation includes various note values, rests, and phrasing slurs.

$\text{♩} = 96$

mf

mp

cresc. *mf*

p

mf *p*

mf *p* *mf* *f* — 3 —

Handwritten musical score for a piano piece, featuring seven staves of music. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The notation includes various dynamics, articulations, and performance instructions.

Staff 1: *p* (piano), *crase.* (crescendo), *mf* (mezzo-forte).

Staff 2: *mf* (mezzo-forte), *p* (piano).

Staff 3: *mf* (mezzo-forte).

Staff 4: *pp* (pianissimo).

Staff 5: *pp* (pianissimo).

Staff 6: *crase.* (crescendo), *poco a poco* (poco a poco), *mf* (mezzo-forte).

Staff 7: *mf* (mezzo-forte).

- IV -

$\text{♩} = 72/80$

mp *p* *cresc.* *f*

mp *p* *mp* *6*

p *mf* *p*

Poco più mosso

p *mf*

Agitandose

p *mp* *mf*

mp *cresc.* *f* *mf* Tempo

decresc. *p* *mp* Tempo 1°

p *mp*

p *mp*

mp *decresc.* *pp*

- V -

$\text{♩} = 96/100$

mf

f *mf*

mp *mf*

mp

mf *pp*

cresc. *mf* *cresc.* *f*

decresc. *mf*

amp

cresc. *mf*

p *cresc.*

cresc. *f* *pp* *cresc.* *mf*

p

- VI -

♩. = 50

mf

mf

mp

p *cresc.*

mf

mf

p *cresc.*

poco a poco f

mp *mf* *decrease.*

poco a poco p

- VII -

$\text{♩} = 80$

The musical score consists of ten staves of music. The first staff begins with a tempo marking of $\text{♩} = 80$. The music is written in a key with one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature. Dynamics include *mp*, *p*, *mp*, *p*, *mp*, *p*, *mp*, *mf*, *mp*, *pp*, and *mf*. Articulations include slurs, accents, and a triplet in the second staff. The score includes tempo changes: *Scherzando* (marked *mp*), *Rit...*, *Tempo*, and *Rit....*. Crescendo and decrescendo markings are used to indicate changes in volume. The final staff is marked *Capriccioso* and features sixteenth-note runs with a final *pp* dynamic.

mp *p* *mp* *p* *mp* *p* *mp* *mf* *mp* *pp* *mf*

Scherzando *mp* *mf* *Rit...* *Tempo* *mp* *cresc.* *mf*

p *cresc.* *mf* *decrec.* *p* *mf* *Rit....*

Capriccioso *mp* *mf* *p* *pp*

- VIII -

1) $\text{♩} = 116$

f

mf *cresc.* *mf*

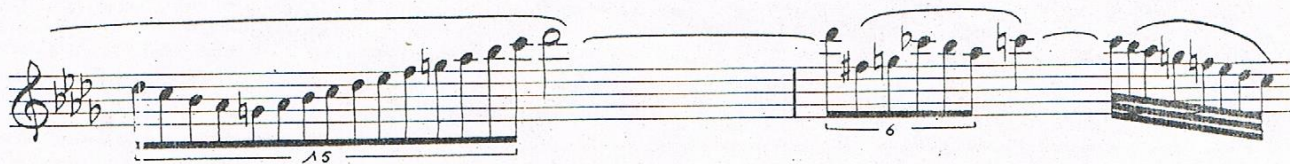
p *cresc.* *mf* *cresc.*

f *decrease.*

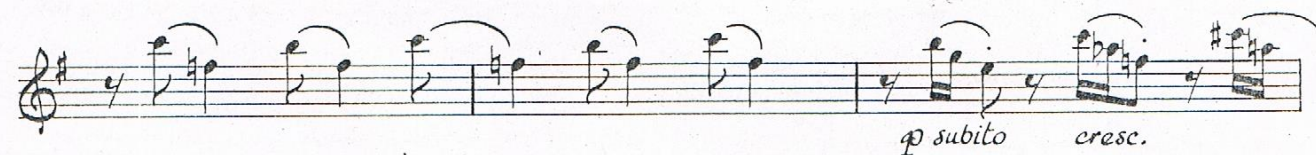
Rit. *trinu* $\text{♩} = 100$

p *mf* *p*

mf *p* *mf* *mf*



Tempo 1^{er} (♩ = 116)



à Marcel MOÛLE

SAXOPHONE ALTO MIB

EUGÈNE BOZZA

Andante ma non troppo

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

p

pp

p

p

cresc.

En animant un peu

ff

cédez un peu

Tempo I?

mf

cédez un peu

ppp

pp

Cédez

cresc.

f

p

ARIA

pour Saxophone alto Mib et Piano

à Marcel MULE

EUGÈNE BOZZA

Andante ma non troppo - lento

SAXOPHONE ALTO MIB

PIANO

p

col 8^a

①

mf

pp

②

mf

En animant un peu

En animant un peu

ff

②

p

④

crusc.

En animant un peu

ff

En animant un peu

cédez un peu ⑤ *Tempo 1?*

cédez un peu *mf* *Tempo 1?*

Cédez un peu

Cédez un peu

⑥ *Tempo I?*

ppp

Tempo I?

⑦

pp

pp

cresc.

f

Cédez

p

Cédez

pp

Roma (1936)

Imprimerie Rolland Pétre et Fils
Paris 1937

A. L. 19714

BUCHARDT Grav.

pour Saxophone alto Mi $\flat$ et Piano

EUGÈNE BOZZA

urcel MULE

Andante ma non troppo

SAXOPHONE ALTO MI $\flat$

Andante ma non troppo

PIANO

p

con 8^a

①

pp

②

mf

mf

En animant un peu

En animant un peu

f

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③

p

④

CRAC.

En animant un peu

En animant un peu

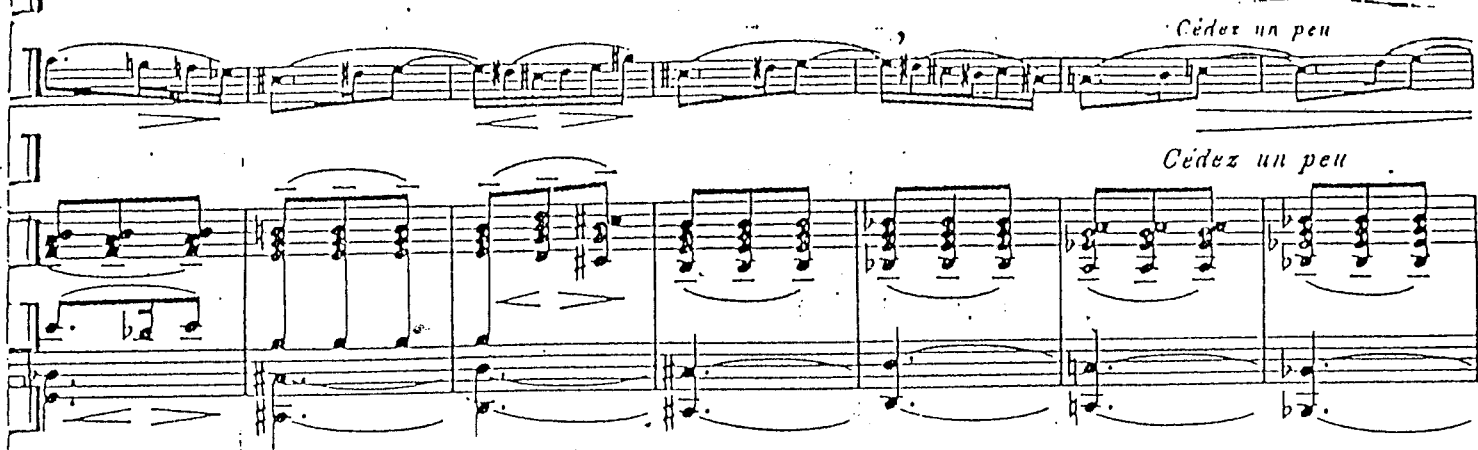
ff

cédez un peu ⑤ *Tempo I?*

cédez un peu *Tempo I?*

Hu.

Cédez un peu



⑥ *Tempo 1?*

ppp

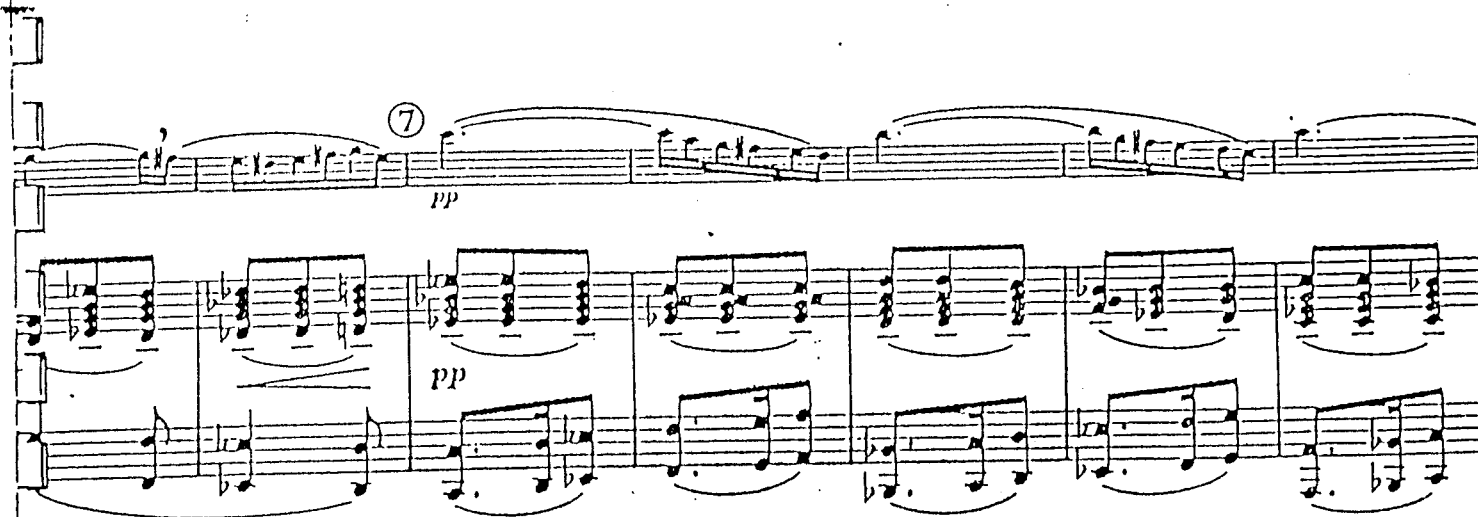
Tempo 1?



⑦

pp

pp



resp.

f

p

pp

Cédez

Cédez

